PROJECT 10073 RECORD

1. DATE - TIME GROUP	2. LOCATION		
20 September 65 21/0	St Petersburg, Florida		
3. SOURCE	10. CONCLUSION		
Civilian	A/C V		
4. NUMBER OF OBJECTS			
One	To data presented to indicate that this was NOP an A/C observation.		
5. LENGTH OF OBSERVATION	11. BRIEF SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS		
3 Minutes	Object 5 to 10 times larger than star PolaRIS. Witness stated		
6. TYPE OF OBSERVATION	that the object had definte configuration compared to a star. Blue-White color. Speed 2-3 times that of ECHO. Observed while		
Ground-Visual (THEODOLIT	shooting star POLARIS with Theodolite. Observed at 30 deg		
7. COURSE	direction to East for 10 deg of arc turning North and climbing.		
Monuvered	Manuvered including a loop turn to East and climbed out sight. Witness made previous observation in same month. (Not regarded as a specific sighting). Considered as background material for		
8. PHOTOS			
II Yes	this report.		
9. PHYSICAL EVIDENCE			
T Yes			

FTD SEP 63 0-329 (TDE) Previous editions of this form may be used.

HEADQUARTERS 12TH TACTICAL FIGHTER WING (TAC) UNITED STATES AIR FORCE MAGDILL AIR FORCE BASE, FLORIDA

ATTNOF: DOT 12

subject: Sighting of an Unidentified Flying Object (UFO)

wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio 45433

1. The following Unidentified Object Reports (UFO's) are submitted as directed by AFR 200-2, 20 July 1962, amended and in the format prescribed in par. 14 of the regulation.

Report Number One:

a. (1) The object appeared slightly elongated. It was described as being 10 arc-seconds in overall size, or 5 to 10 times larger than the star Polaris. (Mr. Elliot)

The object had a definite configuration in contrast to star. (Mr. Eldred)

- (2) Match Head
- (3) Blue-White
- (4) One
- (5) N/A
- (6) The object was traveling at a speed of 2 to 3 times the speed of the Echo Satellite.
- (7) None
- (8) N/A
- (9) None
- b. (1) The object was observed while preparing to shoot the star Polaris. The object was visually sighted by Mr. Eldred and Mr. Elliot then observed the object with an optical instrument.
 - (2) The object was 30° from the horizon and on a due North heading.

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- (3) After the object was sighted it maneuvered and had a final heading of about 35° and climbed out of sight at an 40° angle of elevation.
- (4) The object initially traveled on an Easterly heading for 10° of arc and made a 90° turn to the North. The object next slowed, executed a loop turn and took up a reciprical heading. Upon reaching the intersection of the original Easterly flight path, it turned Easterly at a heading of about 35° and climbed out of sight.
- (5) The object faded out as it climbed at a 40° angle of elevation.
- (6) 3 min.
- c. (1) Ground-Visual
 - (2) A 45XX Theodolite was the observing instrument used by Mr. Elliot. The instrument is made by Kern and is Model # DKM3-AX.
 - (3) N/A
- d. (1) 0317Z / 21 Sept.
 - (2) Night
- e. (1) 82° 43° 22.5" W. and 27° 53° 34.0" N. geodetic position.
- f. Mr.

 46 years of age

 St. Petersburg, Fla.

 Senior Standards Technician

 Clearwater, Fla.

Mr. was an ex-Navigator and Navigation Instructor. He has been making astronomical shoots for eight years. Mr. is apparently well informed and gave a concise account of his observations. I would assume that he is a stable and reliable individual.

Mr. Fars of age

Madiera Beach, Fla.

Senior Standards Lab Technician Communication
Clearwater, Fla.

Mr. Thas taken Solar Astronomy and Celestial Navigation courses. He has four years practical experience in Celestial Navigation with first order instruments. In addition, he has 250 hours of private flying time.

- g. (1) Clear-high thin clouds with surface haze. Ceiling unlimited. Visibility 5-10 miles. No storms in the area. (Weather at Observation site.)
 - . (2) Weather at 0155Z, @ MacDill AFB:

Altitude	Direction 060°	Knots	Temperature
6000	1000	18	+14.0 C.
10,000	1000	22	8.3 C.
16,000	110°	17	-4.0 C.
20,000	120°	15	-12.5 C.
30,000	0060	16	-35.7 C.
50,000 -	0200	15	-69.3 C.

- (3) Clear
- (4) 10 NM visibility
- (5) None
- (6) None
- (7) See question (g. 2)
- h. (1) See attachment A. This attachment is an account given by a member of the University of South Florida, Physical Science staff of the observations that he made on the evening of 21 Sept 1965.

The University is located within a 50NM radius of the sighting. This information was not submitted initially, but sought as additional information to augment the report.

j. Unknown

k. The two initial observers are apparently qualified. In the absence of any additional information, it seems that the observation was on astronomical sighting, or phenomena.

1. None

Report Number Two:

- a. (1) Circular
 - (2) Head of pin held at arm's length.
 - (3) White
 - (4) 1

(5) N/A (6) None (7) None (8) None (9) None b. (1) Star gazing (2) Elevation 2900, azimuth 400 (3) Elevation 300, azimuth 600 (4) Generally straight path appeared to slow down, and wobble; speed was not constant. Disappearance not seen (6) Approximately 5 min. possibly more. c. (1) None (2) None naked eye (3) N/A d. (1) Just before 0200 Zulu time (2) The brighter stars visible. Haze conditions: Big Dipper visible. Mercury vapor lights from campus area tended to shut out less-bright stars. e. (1) University of South Florida 60 years of age Lecturer- Physical Science Reliability- good, not an expert on Satellite sighting. (2) Captain USN retired. g. (1) "One of few decent observable nights during this time of year". Sept. (2) Unknown Unknown

- (4) Unknown
- (5) Haze
 - (6) None
- (7) Unknown
- h. (1) None
- i. (1) Unknown
- j. (1) Unknown
- k. (1) None

EDWARD J. SCHANK, Major, USAF Director of Intelligence